

Holographic correlators beyond (half-)maximal supersymmetry



A 5d supergravity truncation: the 10-scalar model

Full non-linear Lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4}R + 3(\partial\beta_1)^2 + (\partial\beta_2)^2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathcal{K}_{a\bar{b}}\partial_\mu z^a \partial^\mu \bar{z}^{\bar{b}} - \mathcal{P}$$

[Bobev, Elvang, Kol, Olson, Pufu'16]

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Kinetic terms encoded in Kähler metric

$$\mathcal{K}_{a\bar{b}} \equiv \frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{K}}{\partial z^a \partial \bar{z}^{\bar{b}}} \quad \mathcal{K} = -\sum_{a=1}^4 \log(1 - z^a \bar{z}^{\bar{a}})$$

$$z^1 = \tanh \left[\frac{1}{2}(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3 + \varphi - i\phi_1 - i\phi_2 - i\phi_3 + i\phi_4) \right]$$

$$z^2 = \tanh \left[\frac{1}{2}(\alpha_1 - \alpha_2 + \alpha_3 - \varphi - i\phi_1 + i\phi_2 - i\phi_3 - i\phi_4) \right]$$

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Scalar potential

$$\mathcal{P} = \frac{1}{8}e^{\mathcal{K}} \left[\frac{1}{6}\partial_{\beta_1}\mathcal{W}\partial_{\beta_1}\bar{\mathcal{W}} + \frac{1}{2}\partial_{\beta_2}\mathcal{W}\partial_{\beta_2}\bar{\mathcal{W}} + \mathcal{K}^{\bar{b}a}\nabla_a\mathcal{W}\nabla_{\bar{b}}\bar{\mathcal{W}} - \frac{8}{3}\mathcal{W}\bar{\mathcal{W}} \right]$$

written in terms of 'superpotential':

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{W} \equiv & \frac{1}{L}e^{2\beta_1+2\beta_2} (1 + z_1z_2 + z_1z_3 + z_1z_4 + z_2z_3 + z_2z_4 + z_3z_4 + z_1z_2z_3z_4) \\ & + \frac{1}{L}e^{2\beta_1-2\beta_2} (1 - z_1z_2 + z_1z_3 - z_1z_4 - z_2z_3 + z_2z_4 - z_3z_4 + z_1z_2z_3z_4) \\ & + \frac{1}{L}e^{-4\beta_1} (1 + z_1z_2 - z_1z_3 - z_1z_4 - z_2z_3 - z_2z_4 + z_3z_4 + z_1z_2z_3z_4) \end{aligned}$$

Spectrum around the IR solution

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$$\text{Step 1: } \phi_1 \mapsto -\frac{\pi}{6} - \phi_1, \quad \beta_1 \mapsto \frac{\log(2)}{12} - \beta_1, \quad \beta_2 \mapsto \frac{\log(2)}{4} - \beta_2,$$

$$\text{Step 2: } \beta_1 \mapsto \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\beta_1, \quad \beta_2 \mapsto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\beta_2, \quad \Phi_i \mapsto \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\Phi_i,$$

$$\text{Step 3: } \hat{\beta} \equiv \frac{\beta_2 - \sqrt{3}\beta_1}{2},$$
$$\rho_1 \equiv \frac{1}{2\sqrt{14}} \left(\sqrt{7 + \sqrt{7}} \beta_1 + \sqrt{3(7 + \sqrt{7})} \beta_2 + 2\sqrt{7 - \sqrt{7}} \phi_1 \right),$$
$$\rho_2 \equiv -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{14}} \left(\sqrt{7 - \sqrt{7}} \beta_1 + \sqrt{3(7 - \sqrt{7})} \beta_2 - 2\sqrt{7 + \sqrt{7}} \phi_1 \right).$$

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→ resulting **quadratic terms** in the potential:

$$\mathcal{P}^{(2)} = \frac{1}{2} \left[(4 - 2\sqrt{7})\rho_1^2 + 3\alpha_1^2 + (4 + 2\sqrt{7})\rho_2^2 - 4\hat{\beta}^2 - \frac{15}{4}(\alpha_2^2 + \alpha_3^2 + \phi_2^2 + \phi_3^2) - 3\phi_4^2 \right]$$

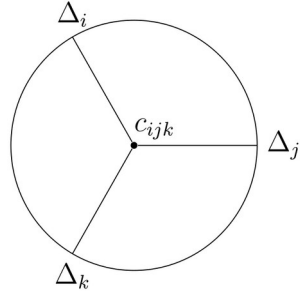
Spectrum around the IR solution

	$m^2 L_{\text{LS}}^2$	Δ	$\mathcal{N} = 1$ multiplet	$SU(2)_F U(1)_R$
α_2, α_3	$-\frac{15}{4}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	$L\bar{B}_1[\frac{3}{2}; 0, 0; 1] \otimes [1]^{(1)} + \text{c.c.}$	$\mathbf{3}_1 \oplus \mathbf{3}_{-1}$
ϕ_2, ϕ_3	$-\frac{15}{4}$	$\frac{5}{2}$	(chiral)	$\mathbf{3}_{-1} \oplus \mathbf{3}_1$
$\hat{\beta}$	-4	2	$A\bar{A}[2; 0, 0; 0] \otimes [1]^{(0)}$ (flavour current)	$\mathbf{3}_0$
ϕ_4	-3	3	$L\bar{B}_1[3; 0, 0; 2] \otimes [0]^{(2)} + \text{c.c.}$	$\mathbf{1}_2 \oplus \mathbf{1}_{-2}$
φ	0	4	(chiral)	$\mathbf{1}_0 \oplus \mathbf{1}_0$
ρ_1	$4 - 2\sqrt{7}$	$1 + \sqrt{7}$	$L\bar{L}[\hat{\Delta}; 0, 0; 0] \otimes [0]^{(0)}$	$\mathbf{1}_0$
α_1	3	$2 + \sqrt{7}$	(long)	$\mathbf{1}_2 \oplus \mathbf{1}_{-2}$
ρ_2	$4 + 2\sqrt{7}$	$3 + \sqrt{7}$		$\mathbf{1}_0$

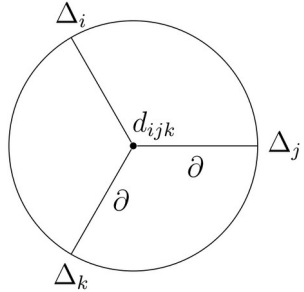
Holographic 3pt-functions: the bulk computation

Evaluation of 3pt-Witten diagrams yields:

[Freedman, Mathur, Matusis, Rastelli'98]



$$A_1 = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\eta}} \cdot \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{\Delta_i + \Delta_j - \Delta_k}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{\Delta_i + \Delta_k - \Delta_j}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{\Delta_j + \Delta_k - \Delta_i}{2}\right)}{4\pi^{d/4} \sqrt{2} \prod_{n \in \{i, j, k\}} \Gamma(\Delta_n) \Gamma(\Delta_n + 1 - \frac{d}{2})} \Gamma\left(\frac{\Delta_i + \Delta_j + \Delta_k - d}{2}\right)$$

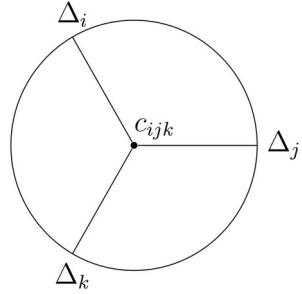


$$A_2 = \left[\Delta_j \Delta_k + \frac{1}{2} (d - \Delta_i - \Delta_j - \Delta_k) (\Delta_j + \Delta_k - \Delta_i) \right] A_1$$

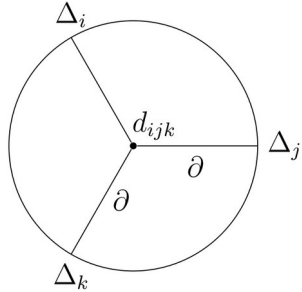
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$$A_2 = \left[\Delta_j \Delta_k + \frac{1}{2} (d - \Delta_i - \Delta_j - \Delta_k) (\Delta_j + \Delta_k - \Delta_i) \right] A_1$$

→ 3pt-function coefficient computed by

$$C_{\Phi_i \Phi_j \Phi_k} = c_{ijk} A_1 + d_{ijk} A_2$$



$$\langle \mathcal{O}_{\Phi_i}(x_1) \mathcal{O}_{\Phi_j}(x_2) \mathcal{O}_{\Phi_k}(x_3) \rangle = \frac{C_{\Phi_i \Phi_j \Phi_k}}{|x_1 - x_2|^{\Delta_1 + \Delta_2 - \Delta_3} |x_1 - x_3|^{\Delta_1 + \Delta_3 - \Delta_2} |x_2 - x_3|^{\Delta_2 + \Delta_3 - \Delta_1}}$$

Bulk cubic couplings in the IR: frame 1

Cubic terms from the potential $\rightarrow \mathbf{c}_{ijk}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{P}^{(3)} = & \frac{9}{4} (2\alpha_1\alpha_2\phi_2 + 2\alpha_1\alpha_3\phi_3 - \alpha_2\alpha_3\phi_4) - \frac{21}{4} \phi_2\phi_3\phi_4 \\
 & + \frac{3}{2\sqrt{2}} \hat{\beta} (\alpha_2^2 - \alpha_3^2 - \phi_2^2 + \phi_3^2) \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{8\sqrt{14}} (\alpha_2^2 + \alpha_3^2) \left(\sqrt{917 + 29\sqrt{7}} \rho_1 - \sqrt{917 - 29\sqrt{7}} \rho_2 \right) \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{8\sqrt{2}} (\phi_2^2 + \phi_3^2) \left(\sqrt{371 + 107\sqrt{7}} \rho_1 + \sqrt{371 - 107\sqrt{7}} \rho_2 \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} \hat{\beta}^2 \left(\sqrt{217 + 79\sqrt{7}} \rho_1 - \sqrt{217 - 79\sqrt{7}} \rho_2 \right) \\
 & - \frac{3}{28} \phi_4^2 \left(\sqrt{686 + 238\sqrt{7}} \rho_1 - \sqrt{686 - 238\sqrt{7}} \rho_2 \right) \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{14}} \rho_1 \rho_2 \left(\sqrt{35 + 13\sqrt{7}} \rho_1 - \sqrt{35 - 13\sqrt{7}} \rho_2 \right) \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{14}} \alpha_1^2 \left(\sqrt{2891 - 517\sqrt{7}} \rho_1 - \sqrt{2891 + 517\sqrt{7}} \rho_2 \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{42}} \left(\sqrt{36155 - 13261\sqrt{7}} \rho_1^3 + \sqrt{36155 + 13261\sqrt{7}} \rho_2^3 \right).
 \end{aligned}$$

And kinetic terms $\rightarrow \mathbf{d}_{ijk}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}}^{(3)} = & -(\phi_2\partial_\mu\alpha_1\partial^\mu\alpha_2 + \phi_3\partial_\mu\alpha_1\partial^\mu\alpha_3 - \phi_4\partial_\mu\alpha_2\partial^\mu\alpha_3) \\
 & - (\phi_2\partial_\mu\alpha_3 + \phi_3\partial_\mu\alpha_2 - \phi_4\partial_\mu\alpha_1)\partial^\mu\varphi \\
 & + \phi_2\partial_\mu\phi_3\partial^\mu\phi_4 + \phi_3\partial_\mu\phi_2\partial^\mu\phi_4 + \phi_4\partial_\mu\phi_2\partial^\mu\phi_3 \\
 & + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{14}} \left(\sqrt{7 - \sqrt{7}} \rho_1 + \sqrt{7 + \sqrt{7}} \rho_2 \right) \\
 & \quad \times \left[(\partial_\mu\alpha_1)^2 + (\partial_\mu\alpha_2)^2 + (\partial_\mu\alpha_3)^2 + (\partial_\mu\phi_2)^2 + (\partial_\mu\phi_3)^2 + (\partial_\mu\varphi)^2 + (\partial_\mu\phi_4)^2 \right] \\
 & + \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}} (\phi_2\partial_\mu\phi_2 + \phi_3\partial_\mu\phi_3 + \phi_4\partial_\mu\phi_4) \left(\sqrt{7 - \sqrt{7}} \partial^\mu\rho_1 + \sqrt{7 + \sqrt{7}} \partial^\mu\rho_2 \right) \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{14} \left(\sqrt{7 - \sqrt{7}} \rho_1 + \sqrt{7 + \sqrt{7}} \rho_2 \right) \partial_\mu\rho_1\partial^\mu\rho_2 \\
 & + \frac{1}{28} \rho_1 \left(\sqrt{35 - 11\sqrt{7}} (\partial_\mu\rho_1)^2 + \sqrt{21 + 3\sqrt{7}} (\partial_\mu\rho_2)^2 \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{28} \rho_2 \left(\sqrt{21 - 3\sqrt{7}} (\partial_\mu\rho_1)^2 + \sqrt{35 + 11\sqrt{7}} (\partial_\mu\rho_2)^2 \right).
 \end{aligned}$$

Bulk cubic couplings in the IR: frame 2

Applying change of frame of supergravity couplings using $\Phi_i \partial_\mu \Phi_j \partial^\mu \Phi_k = \frac{m_i^2 - m_j^2 - m_k^2}{2} \Phi_i \Phi_j \Phi_k$

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→ **only c_{ijk} -type terms left:** $\mathcal{P}^{(3)}|_{\text{frame 2}} = 3\alpha_1(2\alpha_2\phi_2 + 2\alpha_3\phi_3 - \varphi\phi_4) + \frac{3}{2\sqrt{2}}\hat{\beta}(\alpha_2^2 - \alpha_3^2 - \phi_2^2 + \phi_3^2)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}(\alpha_2^2 + \alpha_3^2 - \phi_2^2 - \phi_3^2)\left(\sqrt{7 + \sqrt{7}}\rho_1 + \sqrt{7 - \sqrt{7}}\rho_2\right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}\hat{\beta}^2\left(\sqrt{217 + 79\sqrt{7}}\rho_1 - \sqrt{217 - 79\sqrt{7}}\rho_2\right) \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{14}}\phi_4^2\left(\sqrt{77 + 29\sqrt{7}}\rho_1 - \sqrt{77 - 29\sqrt{7}}\rho_2\right) \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{14}}\varphi^2\left(\sqrt{35 - 13\sqrt{7}}\rho_1 - \sqrt{35 + 13\sqrt{7}}\rho_2\right) \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{28}\rho_1\rho_2\left(\sqrt{2065 + 377\sqrt{7}}\rho_1 - \sqrt{2065 - 377\sqrt{7}}\rho_2\right) \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{14}}\alpha_1^2\left(\sqrt{3296 - 523\sqrt{7}}\rho_1 - \sqrt{3296 + 523\sqrt{7}}\rho_2\right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{84\sqrt{3}}\left(\sqrt{1659343 - 602999\sqrt{7}}\rho_1^3 + \sqrt{1659343 + 602999\sqrt{7}}\rho_2^3\right).
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$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{P}^{(3)}|_{\text{frame 2}} = & 3\alpha_1(2\alpha_2\phi_2 + 2\alpha_3\phi_3 - \varphi\phi_4) + \frac{3}{2\sqrt{2}} \widehat{\beta} (\alpha_2^2 - \alpha_3^2 - \phi_2^2 + \phi_3^2) \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} (\alpha_2^2 + \alpha_3^2 - \phi_2^2 - \phi_3^2) \left(\sqrt{7 + \sqrt{7}} \rho_1 + \sqrt{7 - \sqrt{7}} \rho_2 \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} \widehat{\beta}^2 \left(\sqrt{217 + 79\sqrt{7}} \rho_1 - \sqrt{217 - 79\sqrt{7}} \rho_2 \right) \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{14}} \phi_4^2 \left(\sqrt{77 + 29\sqrt{7}} \rho_1 - \sqrt{77 - 29\sqrt{7}} \rho_2 \right) \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{14}} \varphi^2 \left(\sqrt{35 - 13\sqrt{7}} \rho_1 - \sqrt{35 + 13\sqrt{7}} \rho_2 \right) \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{28} \rho_1 \rho_2 \left(\sqrt{2065 + 377\sqrt{7}} \rho_1 - \sqrt{2065 - 377\sqrt{7}} \rho_2 \right) \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{14}} \alpha_1^2 \left(\sqrt{3296 - 523\sqrt{7}} \rho_1 - \sqrt{3296 + 523\sqrt{7}} \rho_2 \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{84\sqrt{3}} \left(\sqrt{1659343 - 602999\sqrt{7}} \rho_1^3 + \sqrt{1659343 + 602999\sqrt{7}} \rho_2^3 \right). \end{aligned}$$

Note: extremal cubic couplings vanish in frame 2!

3pt-functions in the IR; new results for the LS SCFT

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(a) $\langle CCC \rangle$: $C_{\alpha_2\alpha_3\phi_4} = \frac{\gamma}{8\pi}$, $C_{\alpha_2\phi_3\varphi} = C_{\alpha_3\phi_2\varphi} = \frac{\gamma}{16\sqrt{2}\pi}$, $C_{\phi_2\phi_3\phi_4} = 0$

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(c) $\langle \mathcal{CCL} \rangle$:

$$C_{\alpha_2\alpha_2\rho_1} = C_{\alpha_3\alpha_3\rho_1} = C_{\alpha_2\phi_2\alpha_1} = C_{\alpha_3\phi_3\alpha_1} = -\frac{\sqrt{3(1+\sqrt{7})} \Gamma(\frac{2-\sqrt{7}}{2})\Gamma(\frac{1+\sqrt{7}}{2})}{2^{\frac{1}{2}+\sqrt{7}}\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}},$$

$$C_{\phi_2\phi_2\rho_1} = C_{\phi_3\phi_3\rho_1} = \frac{7-2\sqrt{7}}{3} \times C_{\alpha_2\alpha_2\rho_1},$$

$$C_{\alpha_2\alpha_2\rho_2} = C_{\alpha_3\alpha_3\rho_2} = -\frac{\sqrt{7-2\sqrt{7}}}{2\sqrt{14}} \times C_{\alpha_2\alpha_2\rho_1},$$

$$C_{\phi_4\phi_4\rho_1} = \frac{\sqrt{21(29+11\sqrt{7})} \Gamma(\frac{5-\sqrt{7}}{2})\Gamma(\frac{1+\sqrt{7}}{2})^2\Gamma(\frac{3+\sqrt{7}}{2})}{112\pi \Gamma(\sqrt{7})},$$

$$C_{\alpha_2\alpha_2\rho_2} = C_{\phi_3\phi_3\rho_2} = -\frac{\sqrt{7+2\sqrt{7}}}{2\sqrt{6}} \times C_{\alpha_2\alpha_2\rho_1}.$$

$$C_{\phi_4\phi_4\rho_2} = -\frac{\sqrt{7-2\sqrt{7}}}{2\sqrt{14}} \times C_{\phi_4\phi_4\rho_1},$$

$$C_{\varphi\varphi\rho_1} = \frac{11-4\sqrt{7}}{12} \times C_{\phi_4\phi_4\rho_1},$$

$$C_{\varphi\varphi\rho_2} = -\frac{\sqrt{133+50\sqrt{7}}}{8\sqrt{42}} \times C_{\phi_4\phi_4\rho_1},$$

$$C_{\phi_4\varphi\alpha_1} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \times C_{\phi_4\phi_4\rho_1}.$$

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(a) $\langle \mathcal{CCC} \rangle$: $C_{\alpha_2 \alpha_3 \phi_4} = \frac{\gamma}{8\pi}$, $C_{\alpha_2 \phi_3 \varphi} = C_{\alpha_3 \phi_2 \varphi} = \frac{\gamma}{16\sqrt{2}\pi}$, $C_{\phi_2 \phi_3 \phi_4} = 0$

(b) $\langle \mathcal{CCF} \rangle$: $C_{\alpha_2 \alpha_2 \hat{\beta}} = -C_{\alpha_3 \alpha_3 \hat{\beta}} = -\frac{3}{4\pi}$, $C_{\phi_2 \phi_2 \hat{\beta}} = -C_{\phi_3 \phi_3 \hat{\beta}} = \frac{1}{4\pi}$.

(c) $\langle \mathcal{CCL} \rangle$:

$$C_{\alpha_2 \alpha_2 \rho_1} = C_{\alpha_3 \alpha_3 \rho_1} = C_{\alpha_2 \phi_2 \alpha_1} = C_{\alpha_3 \phi_3 \alpha_1} = -\frac{\sqrt{3(1+\sqrt{7})} \Gamma(\frac{2-\sqrt{7}}{2}) \Gamma(\frac{1+\sqrt{7}}{2})}{2^{\frac{1}{2}+\sqrt{7}} \pi^{\frac{3}{2}}},$$

$$C_{\phi_2 \phi_2 \rho_1} = C_{\phi_3 \phi_3 \rho_1} = \frac{7-2\sqrt{7}}{3} \times C_{\alpha_2 \alpha_2 \rho_1},$$

$$C_{\alpha_2 \alpha_2 \rho_2} = C_{\alpha_3 \alpha_3 \rho_2} = -\frac{\sqrt{7-2\sqrt{7}}}{2\sqrt{14}} \times C_{\alpha_2 \alpha_2 \rho_1},$$

$$C_{\phi_4 \phi_4 \rho_1} = \frac{\sqrt{21(29+11\sqrt{7})} \Gamma(\frac{5-\sqrt{7}}{2}) \Gamma(\frac{1+\sqrt{7}}{2})^2 \Gamma(\frac{3+\sqrt{7}}{2})}{112\pi \Gamma(\sqrt{7})},$$

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$$C_{\varphi \varphi \rho_1} = \frac{11-4\sqrt{7}}{12} \times C_{\phi_4 \phi_4 \rho_1},$$

$$C_{\phi_4 \phi_4 \rho_1} = \frac{\sqrt{133+50\sqrt{7}}}{8\sqrt{42}} \times C_{\phi_4 \phi_4 \rho_1},$$

$$C_{\phi_4 \varphi \alpha_1} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \times C_{\phi_4 \phi_4 \rho_1}.$$

(d) $\langle \mathcal{FFL} \rangle$:

$$C_{\hat{\beta} \hat{\beta} \rho_1} = -\frac{\sqrt{217+79\sqrt{7}} \Gamma(\frac{3-\sqrt{7}}{2}) \Gamma(\frac{1+\sqrt{7}}{2})^3}{2\pi \sqrt{42} \Gamma(\sqrt{7}) \Gamma(1+\sqrt{7})},$$

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$$C_{\hat{\beta}\hat{\beta}\rho_2} = \frac{\sqrt{91-34\sqrt{7}}}{2\sqrt{42}} \times C_{\hat{\beta}\hat{\beta}\rho_1}.$$

(e) $\langle \mathcal{LLL} \rangle$:

$$C_{\rho_1\rho_1\rho_1} = -\frac{\sqrt{1659343-602999\sqrt{7}}\Gamma(\frac{1+\sqrt{7}}{2})^3\Gamma(\frac{-1+3\sqrt{7}}{2})}{56\sqrt{6}\pi(\Gamma(\sqrt{7})\Gamma(1+\sqrt{7}))^{3/2}},$$

$$C_{\rho_1\rho_1\rho_2} = \frac{\sqrt{3(2777257+1042598\sqrt{7})}}{1514\sqrt{14}} \times C_{\rho_1\rho_1\rho_1},$$

$$C_{\rho_1\alpha_1\alpha_1} = \frac{\sqrt{1976297+635680\sqrt{7}}}{1514} \times C_{\rho_1\rho_1\rho_1},$$

$$C_{\rho_1\rho_2\rho_2} = -\frac{4963+1156\sqrt{7}}{42392} \times C_{\rho_1\rho_1\rho_1},$$

$$C_{\rho_2\alpha_1\alpha_1} = \frac{\sqrt{325648561+109746134\sqrt{7}}}{3028\sqrt{42}} \times C_{\rho_1\rho_1\rho_1},$$

$$C_{\rho_2\rho_2\rho_2} = \frac{\sqrt{3(7587462463+2704517498\sqrt{7})}}{84784\sqrt{2}} \times C_{\rho_1\rho_1\rho_1}.$$

Summary and Outlook

i) We initialise the study of holographic correlators in a setup beyond (half-)maximal supersymmetry

→ Main new feature: supergravity spectrum contains **long multiplets** with irrational conformal dimensions

ii) For now, we have new results for 3pt-functions in the LS SCFT

→ Learnt some general lessons for N=1 SCFT's (extremal correlators, exactly marginal deformations)

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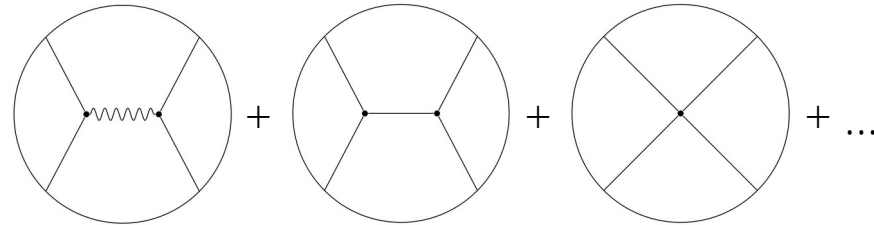
→ Learnt some general lessons for $N=1$ SCFT's (extremal correlators, exactly marginal deformations)

- Generalisation to all sugra fields (including higher KK modes → efficiently done using ExFT tools) [Duboeuf, Malek, Samtleben'23]

- Next target: **4pt-functions**

→ Traditional approach: Witten diagram evaluation

→ Contains new CFT data! How much simplicity remains?



- Other setups:

→ $AdS_5 \times T^{1,1}$ (or more generally $Y^{p,q}$ spaces): spectrum worked out, consistent truncations known

[Klebanov, Witten'98]

[Ceresole, Dall'Agata, D'Auria, Ferrara'99]

e.g. [Cassani, Faedo'10]

→ M-theory in AdS_4 : richer landscape of AdS_4 vacua, various consistent truncations

e.g. [Bobev, Min, Pilch, Rosso'18]

→ [WIP with a student in Leuven]

Backup slide: the full IR spectrum (\mathcal{KK} -level $n=0$)

A total of 128 bosonic and fermionic dof:

	Δ	ϕ	χ	A_μ	$B_{\mu\nu}$	ψ_μ	$h_{\mu\nu}$
$\mathcal{D}(\frac{3}{2}, 0, 0; 1)$	$\frac{3}{2}$	$\mathbf{3}_1$					
Tr $\Phi_i \Phi_j$	2		$\mathbf{3}_0$				
complex	$\frac{5}{2}$	$\mathbf{3}_{-1}$					
$\mathcal{D}(2, 0, 0; 0)$	2	$\mathbf{3}_0$					
Tr $\bar{\Phi} T^A \Phi$	$\frac{5}{2}$		$\mathbf{3}_1 \oplus \mathbf{3}_{-1}$				
real	3			$\mathbf{3}_0$			
$\mathcal{D}(\frac{9}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 0; \frac{3}{2})$	$\frac{9}{4}$		$\mathbf{2}_{3/2}$				
Tr $W_\alpha \Phi_j$	$\frac{11}{4}$	$\mathbf{2}_{1/2}$			$\mathbf{2}_{1/2}$		
complex	$\frac{13}{4}$		$\mathbf{2}_{-1/2}$				
$\mathcal{D}(3, 0, 0; 2)$	3	$\mathbf{1}_2$					
Tr $W^\alpha W_\alpha$	$\frac{7}{2}$		$\mathbf{1}_1$				
complex	4	$\mathbf{1}_0$					
$\mathcal{D}(3, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; 0)$	3			$\mathbf{1}_0$			
$J_{\alpha\dot{\alpha}}$	$\frac{7}{2}$					$\mathbf{1}_1 \oplus \mathbf{1}_{-1}$	
real	4						$\mathbf{1}_0$

	Δ	ϕ	χ	A_μ	$B_{\mu\nu}$	ψ_μ
$\mathcal{D}(\Delta, 0, 0; 0)$	$1 + \sqrt{7}$	$\mathbf{1}_0$				
$\Delta = 1 + \sqrt{7}$	$\frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{7}$		$\mathbf{1}_1 \oplus \mathbf{1}_{-1}$			
K	$2 + \sqrt{7}$	$\mathbf{1}_2 \oplus \mathbf{1}_{-2}$		$\mathbf{1}_0$		
real	$\frac{5}{2} + \sqrt{7}$		$\mathbf{1}_1 \oplus \mathbf{1}_{-1}$			
	$3 + \sqrt{7}$	$\mathbf{1}_0$				
$\mathcal{D}(\frac{11}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 0; \frac{1}{2})$	$\frac{11}{4}$		$\mathbf{2}_{1/2}$			
$\Lambda_{\alpha i}$	$\frac{13}{4}$	$\mathbf{2}_{-1/2}$		$\mathbf{2}_{3/2}$	$\mathbf{2}_{-1/2}$	
complex	$\frac{15}{4}$		$\mathbf{2}_{1/2} \oplus \mathbf{2}_{-3/2}$			$\mathbf{2}_{1/2}$
	$\frac{17}{4}$			$\mathbf{2}_{-1/2}$		
$\mathcal{D}(3, 0, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2})$	3		$\mathbf{1}_0$			
Σ_α	$\frac{7}{2}$			$\mathbf{1}_{-1}$	$\mathbf{1}_1$	
complex	4		$\mathbf{1}_{-2}$			$\mathbf{1}_0$
	$\frac{9}{2}$				$\mathbf{1}_{-1}$	